

“Even though we have seen and experienced many hardships over the past years, I still believe that peace is not only possible but much easier to achieve than we all think.”

— Mona, a survivor of gender-based violence from Damascus



ISSUE# 90
FEBRUARY 1-29, 2020

UNITED NATIONS POPULATION FUND

REGIONAL SITUATION REPORT

FOR THE SYRIA CRISIS



UNITED NATIONS POPULATION FUND
REGIONAL SYRIA RESPONSE HUB

The Regional Situation Report for the Syria Crisis offers a bird's eye view of UNFPA's operations within the context of the Syria Crisis. The report is prepared by the UNFPA Regional Syria Response Hub in Amman, Jordan, and spans operations conducted by UNFPA offices in Syria, Jordan, Lebanon, Turkey, Iraq, and Egypt, in addition to operations conducted inside Syria and managed from cross-border Turkey.

In addition to providing aggregated quantitative results for each country, the report also brings stories from the field that highlight the plight of communities inside Syria and in host countries, in addition to underscoring the positive impact of the response services provided by UNFPA in the areas of sexual and reproductive health, gender-based violence, youth, and others.

THE MISSION OF UNFPA

The United Nations sexual and reproductive health and rights agency.

UNFPA's core mission is to deliver a world where every pregnancy is wanted, every childbirth is safe and every young person's potential is fulfilled.

UNFPA calls for the realization of sexual and reproductive rights for all, and supports access to a wide range of services, including voluntary family planning, maternal healthcare and comprehensive education on sexuality.

As the Syria crisis enters its ninth year, UNFPA believes that every Syrian woman and girl has the right to have access to affordable sexual and reproductive healthcare and be effectively protected from gender-based violence. UNFPA and its partners are scaling up efforts to empower and improve the lives of Syrian women and youth and impacted communities inside Syria and in host countries, including by advocating for human rights and gender equality, to better cope with and recover from the far-reaching ramifications of the crisis.





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The crisis in Syria has been globally recognized as one of the worst humanitarian crises of our time. As of 2019, more than 11.7 million people inside Syria are in need, while close to 5.6 million have taken refuge in neighbouring countries throughout the region. They continue to suffer the effects of nearly a decade of conflict, including disruption of community networks, safety nets and rule of law. Even as some parts of Syria stabilize, the crisis has long since passed a critical point in terms of generational change, and its effects will undoubtedly continue for many years to come. This is particularly true in the case of women and girls due to the deep-rooted complexity of the issues they continue to face on a daily basis.

All photos shown in this issue, unless otherwise stated, are courtesy of the UNFPA Arab States Regional Response Hub. Moreover, unless otherwise stated, photos do not directly correlate to the stories next to which they appear. Real names of survivors have been changed for confidentiality.

THE SYRIA CRISIS IN 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE SITUATION

Daraa, Al-Hassakah, Deir-ez-zor, Lattakia, Hama, Aleppo and Idlib governorates remain primary hotspots.

The situation in Syria remains generally volatile, with violent tensions still impacting various parts of the country, particularly in the north. In total, more than 13 million people remain in need inside Syria, while nearly 5.6 million remain as refugees in Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq and Egypt. Today, Syrian refugees are living in 125 countries across the world.

Ongoing tensions in the country's northern region continue to drive mass displacements. In January, humanitarian conditions in the region worsened considerably, with nearly than 586,000 people displaced in Idlib following a second wave of displacements that began in late 2019. The vast majority of those displaced are women and girls, further adding to the protection risks associated with the crisis.

Access to healthcare continues to be an essential need for newly-displaced individuals and for host communities, including pregnant women. Multiple displacements and lack of access to basic services further exacerbate the needs of individuals and communities, in addition to significantly increasing the risks of gender-based violence (GBV).

Additional displacements further strain already-stretched coping mechanisms of individuals and families, leading to desperate measures that further increase the likelihood of protection threats, such as sexual exploitation, forced and early marriage, amongst others.

In response to these dire needs, UNFPA continues to provide services to people in need of sexual and reproductive health (SRH) and GBV integrated services, with a focus on the needs of women and adolescent girls. A variety of SRH services are being delivered, including antenatal care, family planning, normal delivery services, postnatal care, referrals, treatment of reproductive tract/urinary tract infection, treatment of trauma, and others. UNFPA also addresses the needs of women and adolescent girls by providing GBV response services such as case management, psycho-social support, clinical management of rape, and referrals.



UPDATE

COVID-19 RESPONSE

UNFPA ensures continuity of operations, delivering quality SRH and GBV services to Syrians in need throughout the region.

The Coronavirus Disease-2019 (COVID-19) pandemic has increasingly impacted UNFPA's programming and service delivery as many countries have instituted international and domestic movement restrictions, curfews, social distancing, and closure of all but essential services and shops. All countries involved in the Regional Syria Response have confirmed cases of COVID-19, though restrictions on activities and movement vary by country. Though it is too early to know the full impact on programmes and funding that the pandemic will have within the Regional Syria Response, the below summarizes the impacts and continuity of programming as of 23 March 2020.

UNFPA recognizes that outbreaks like the COVID-19 pandemic affect women and men differently, potentially exacerbating existing inequalities both between genders and with other vulnerable communities like persons with disabilities, youth, and the elderly.

Despite the challenges faced by beneficiaries, service providers, and staff, UNFPA remains committed to providing essential services in sexual and reproductive health (SRH) and gender-based violence (GBV), and to reaching the Three Zeros of zero preventable maternal deaths, zero unmet need for contraception, and zero GBV and harmful practices.

The UNFPA Regional Syria Response Hub has been closely coordinating with country offices in the region to ensure that response plans and priorities are clearly established. The primary objective is to ensure that the delivery of life-saving services continues despite the many restrictions on movement that this situation has introduced. Continuity plans are being regularly updated as the situation evolves and regular situation reports are being disseminated to all stakeholders.



RESPONSE FROM ALL OPERATIONS

Delivering life-saving sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence services to communities in need inside Syria and throughout the region.

The conflict in Syria has created one of the most severe and protracted humanitarian crises in the world today. Millions have been displaced both inside the country and outside as refugees, especially in Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey. The crisis has permanently altered the fabric of society in the nation, with far-reaching ramifications for its future resilience.

Even in these circumstances, UNFPA believes that every Syrian woman, adolescent girl and child has the right to sexual and reproductive health and protection from gender-based violence.

UNFPA operations in Syria are run from the Syria Country Office, as well as from the UNFPA hub in Gaziantep, Turkey for cross-border operations.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
People reached with sexual/reproductive health services	447,324
Family planning consultations	135,462
Normal / assisted vaginal deliveries	12,848
C-Sections	8,840
Ante-natal care consultations	144,841
Post-natal care consultations	7,810
People trained on SRH-related topics	296

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
People reached with GBV programming / services	245,005
People reached with Dignity Kits	41,859
People provided with GBV case management	3,689
People reached with GBV awareness messages	166,486
People trained on GBV-related topics	424

YOUTH SERVICES

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Beneficiaries reached with youth programming	3,675



* Above figures reflect fully-supported service-delivery points. Inside Syria additional 954 primary healthcare facilities are being partially supported through the Ministry of Health.



WHOLE OF SYRIA RESPONSE

SYRIA COUNTRY OFFICE

Delivering emergency and long-term assistance to Syrian communities in need throughout the country.

UNFPA Syria continues to provide emergency and long-term support to communities in need inside Syria. As part of the cooperation between UNFPA and the Ministry of Health, five mobile hospitals will start providing health services in the governorates of Hama, Homs, Daraa, Raqqa and Deir-ez-Zor, which will include four normal delivery hospitals and one Cesarean-section hospital.

UNFPA also continues to provide integrated SRH services, including antenatal care, family planning, normal delivery services, post-natal care, referrals, treatment of reproductive tract/urinary tract infections, treatment of trauma, and others. UNFPA also delivers GBV services that span psychological first aid, referrals to public health institutions and GBV awareness raising. For the protection of health, hygiene and to preserve dignity, UNFPA also distributes female dignity kits, sanitary napkins, protection kits for adolescent girls, kits for pregnant/lactating women, and male dignity kits. UNFPA services are being provided in partnership with its implementing partners and in coordination with other UN agencies to meet the needs of IDPs and those affected by the crisis in Syria.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
People reached with sexual/reproductive health services	365,172
Family planning consultations	130,456
Normal / assisted vaginal deliveries	9,152
C-Sections	7,927
Ante-natal care consultations	114,378
Post-natal care consultations	12,742
People trained on SRH-related topics	278

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
People reached with GBV programming / services	84,800
People reached with Dignity Kits	14,712
People provided with GBV case management	1,240
People reached with GBV awareness messages	68,953

YOUTH SERVICES

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Beneficiaries reached with youth programming	101,312



* No youth centres are operational as the 2020 work plans have not been endorsed. Youth activities in January took place at Women and Girls' Safe Spaces.
 ** Above figures reflect fully-supported service-delivery points. Inside Syria, an additional 954 primary healthcare facilities are being partially supported through the Ministry of Health.



Photo by UNFPA Syria

Giving birth in a conflict zone was a very difficult experience for me. The pain, exhaustion, fear — all come together and can be overwhelming. I started to panic; I was alone and worried for the safety of my children. Before the conflict, we had doctors, health centers and hospitals, and the costs of healthcare were much cheaper. I did not want to have more children, as I already have three to care for during these trying times. Unfortunately, my husband refused any form of family planning due to the added expenses and the fact that many religious figures in our communities forbid it. Now, my only hope is to be able to provide for our children; to cover their basic needs and, hopefully, offer them a decent life.

Om Kamel, who recently gave birth at a UNFPA-supported clinic in Damascus.



CROSS-BORDER TURKEY

Ensuring that all communities inside Syria have access to quality sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence services.

More than 948,000 people have been displaced in northwest Syria since 1 December 2019 to end of February 2020. Some 569,000 of them are children and over 195,000 of them are women, together comprising 81% of the newly displaced population – and the most vulnerable. The entire population of the Idlib area, estimated at 3 million people prior to the latest wave of violence, became increasingly concentrated in this small area along the Turkey-Syria border with no other safe place to go. Some 330,000 of the almost 948,000 people displaced since 1 December 2019 fled to areas in the northern Aleppo governorate such as Afrin, A'zaz and Al Bab. However, civilians' freedom of movement from Idlib to northern Aleppo became increasingly threatened due to continued bombardments.

Overcrowding in rental accommodation, collective centres and makeshift shelters in IDP sites, as well as a lack of privacy and suitable gender-segregated WASH facilities has placed women and girls at particular GBV risk. GBV partners have reported several incidences of rape in camps and informal IDP sites. Accounts of men in positions of power exploiting and abusing displaced women and girls in exchange for cash or material assistance have also been received. Increased economic vulnerabilities due to displacement have placed women and girls at risk, particularly recently displaced female-headed households.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

INDICATOR

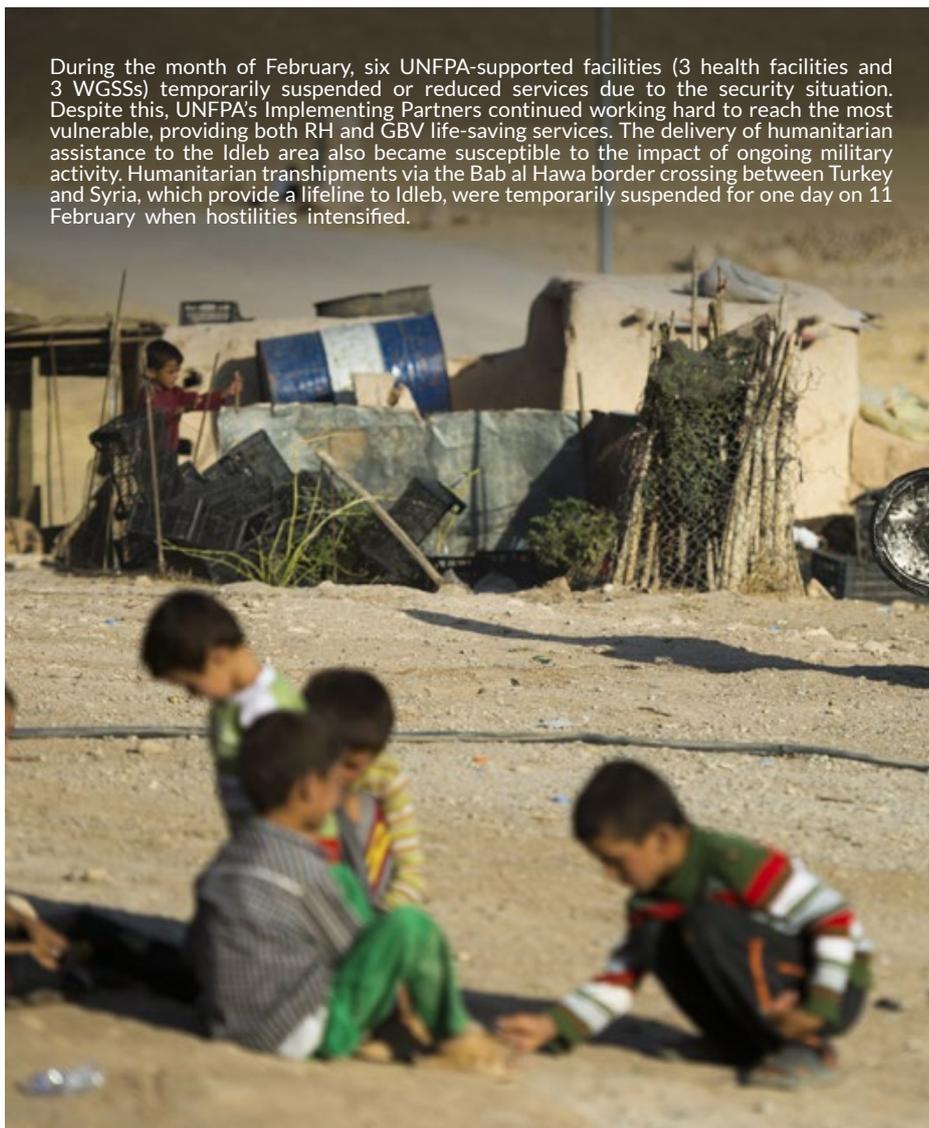
	SINCE JANUARY
Primary health facilities	12
Health facilities that provide Emergency Obstetric Care (EmOC)	12
Functional mobile clinics	9
People reached with sexual/reproductive health services	26,270
Family planning consultations	170
Normal / assisted vaginal deliveries	1,750
C-Sections	481
Ante-natal care consultations	11,912
Post-natal care consultations	2,351
People trained on SRH-related topics	6

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

INDICATOR

	SINCE JANUARY
Number of women and girls' safe spaces (WGSS)	14
People reached with GBV programming / services	23,277
People reached with Dignity Kits	6,961
People provided with GBV case management	210
People reached with GBV awareness messages	10,713
People trained on GBV-related topics	88

During the month of February, six UNFPA-supported facilities (3 health facilities and 3 WGSSs) temporarily suspended or reduced services due to the security situation. Despite this, UNFPA's Implementing Partners continued working hard to reach the most vulnerable, providing both RH and GBV life-saving services. The delivery of humanitarian assistance to the Idlib area also became susceptible to the impact of ongoing military activity. Humanitarian transshipments via the Bab al Hawa border crossing between Turkey and Syria, which provide a lifeline to Idlib, were temporarily suspended for one day on 11 February when hostilities intensified.



A woman wearing a patterned headscarf and a dark jacket is shown in profile, looking out a window with horizontal blinds. The lighting is soft, coming from the window, creating a contemplative mood.

“I am a 38-year-old displaced woman with six children, living with my parents because of the war. My husband, who travelled frequently, divorced me when he heard my family could no longer support my children. After he took my children away from me, I fell into a deep sadness. My brother then arranged for me to marry a man who had previously been married to 13 women. Now, my husband has a total of three wives. I became the fourth.”

“The wives had to work hard to provide for themselves and he would often beat us. Although I had a little baby and was pregnant, I wanted to kill myself. Through my neighbour I learned about the local Woman and Girls Safe Space. My case worker Hanaa taught me how to cope through exercises like deep breathing. A skilled psychologist worked together with me on a plan to prevent my thoughts of suicide and ways to avoid my husband from beating me. She taught me good ways how to manage. Thanks to the Safe Space, I can now close my eyes at night and sleep. I will now stay alive and live for my children.”

Hiyam, a survivor of gender-based violence who recently accessed services at a UNFPA-supported facility.

COUNTRY OVERVIEW

EGYPT COUNTRY OFFICE

UNFPA Egypt continues to provide assistance to syrian refugees in the country, focusing on issues related to gender-based violence.

Egypt remains a destination and transit country for refugees and asylum-seekers, most of whom live in urban areas. The country continues to generously host Syrian refugees, despite the absence of a land border with Syria. Currently, there are 127,414 Syrian refugees registered with UNHCR Egypt.

Egypt constitutes a successful model with regards to the social inclusiveness dimension. The country hosts nearly half a million Syrians who live alongside Egyptians in various areas, sharing public services, resources and many of the privileges afforded to local citizens.

Among refugees in Egypt, women and girls, boys, adolescents, and unaccompanied and separated children face disproportionate risks. According to UNHCR, 94 percent of the Syrian population in Egypt have been identified as either highly or severely vulnerable. UNFPA Egypt continues to provide essential services to Syrians, focusing on prevailing social predicaments associated with forced migration such as various forms of gender-based violence.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

INDICATOR

SINCE JANUARY

People reached with sexual/reproductive health services	256
Family planning consultations	65

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

INDICATOR

SINCE JANUARY

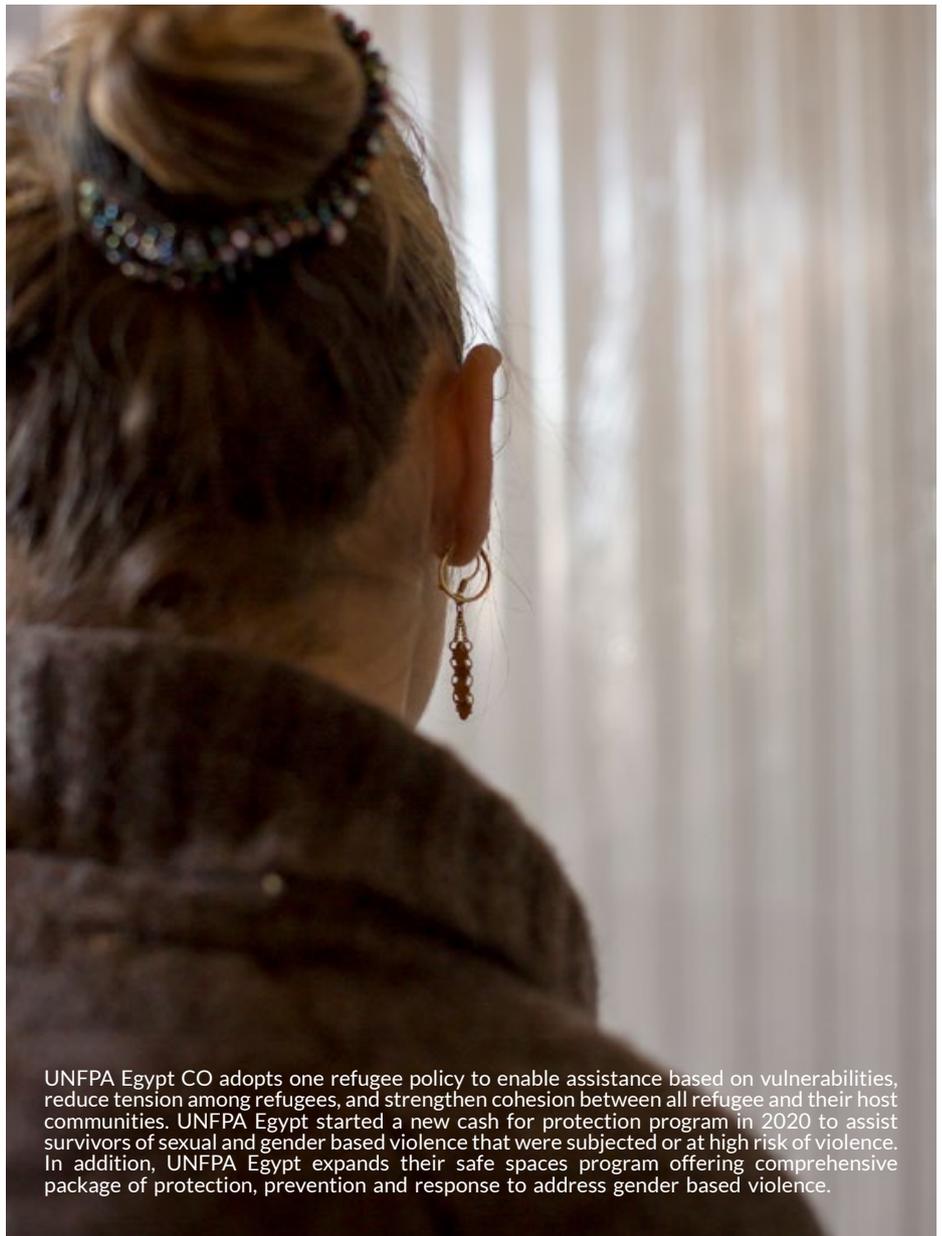
Number of women and girls' safe spaces (WGSS)	13
People reached with GBV programming / services	1,981
People provided with GBV case management	409
People reached with GBV awareness messages	220

YOUTH SERVICES

INDICATOR

SINCE JANUARY

Beneficiaries reached with youth programming	76
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UNFPA Egypt CO adopts one refugee policy to enable assistance based on vulnerabilities, reduce tension among refugees, and strengthen cohesion between all refugee and their host communities. UNFPA Egypt started a new cash for protection program in 2020 to assist survivors of sexual and gender based violence that were subjected or at high risk of violence. In addition, UNFPA Egypt expands their safe spaces program offering comprehensive package of protection, prevention and response to address gender based violence.

COUNTRY OVERVIEW

IRAQ COUNTRY OFFICE

UNFPA Iraq continues to provide essential support to more than 245,000 Syrians currently taking refuge in the country.

UNFPA Iraq launched its third Country Programme Document (CPD) for 2020-2024.

The CPD, which was developed in collaboration with the Government of Iraq, United Nations agencies, human rights institutions and civil society organizations, is in harmony with the country's priorities as outlined in the Iraq Poverty Reduction Strategy, the Iraq National Development Plan (2018-2022) and the Iraq Vision 2030. It also focuses on the four outcomes of the UNFPA Strategic Plan, 2018-2021, and the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework for Iraq (2020 -2024).

Currently, UNFPA Iraq is the process of launching its programmes for 2020. As a result, no data will be reported for the month of February.



COUNTRY OVERVIEW

JORDAN COUNTRY OFFICE

With 1.3 million Syrians nationwide, UNFPA Jordan continues to provide essential services to refugee and host communities nationwide.

Jordan is currently hosting more than 1.3 million Syrians, including 655,000 registered refugees, who face increasing vulnerability as their savings, assets and resources are long exhausted. Providing for their needs and ensuring their access to basic sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence services is among the top priorities of UNFPA Jordan.

According to the 2015 population census, the total population of Jordan was estimated at 9.531 million, including 1.265 million Syrians, who represent 13.2% of the overall population.

Approximately 79% of Syrian registered refugees, representing 516,000 people, live in host communities in urban and rural areas of Jordan. The remaining 21% is settled in camps, either in Azraq, Emirati Jordanian Camp, or Za'atari. The highest concentration of refugees is found in the northern governorates of Amman, Irbid, Mafraq and Zarqa.

UNFPA Jordan has been providing essential sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence prevention services to Syrian refugees throughout the kingdom, whether in refugee camps or in host communities.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of primary health facilities	17
Health facilities that provide Emergency Obstetric Care (EmOC)	2
People reached with sexual/reproductive health services	22,073
Family planning consultations	3,649
Normal / assisted vaginal deliveries	200
Ante-natal care consultations	5,862
Post-natal care consultations	982
People trained on SRH-related topics	12

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of women and girls' safe spaces (WGSS)	18
People reached with GBV programming / services	6,185
People provided with GBV case management	310
People reached with GBV awareness messages	3,592

YOUTH SERVICES

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of functional youth centres	1
People trained on youth-related topics	9



COUNTRY OVERVIEW

LEBANON COUNTRY OFFICE

Despite the ongoing instabilities in Lebanon, UNFPA will continue to provide life-saving services to people in need.

Lebanon has been facing political, security, and financial instability, which has hindered the work of UNFPA across the country.

On January 22, following several months of protests, a new government was formed, which will allow UNFPA to begin implementing its activities.

UNFPA has received funding from the Governments of Sweden, Canada, Norway, and Italy, to reach women and girls with SRH and GBV prevention-related services, and preparations are underway. Some activities have already begun to be implemented in the month of February.



TURKEY COUNTRY OFFICE

With the largest number of refugees worldwide, turkey continues to provide much needed assistance to displaced syrians throughout the country.

Turkey hosts the largest number of refugees and asylum-seekers in the world, which includes more than 3.5 million Syrians registered with UNHCR.

Most refugees in Turkey are situated in host communities around the country, which has stretched the absorptive capacities of many host communities and resulted in tensions between refugees and host community members.

As the refugee crisis in Turkey becomes more protracted, delivering support to national and local systems, with a strong focus on supporting women, children and youth, is more vital than ever to reinforce the country's resilience.

UNFPA Turkey continues to provide essential sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence services to Syrian communities in need, addressing assistance gaps and organizing far-reaching programs that serve to protect vulnerable members of the community.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of primary health facilities	6
People reached with sexual/reproductive health services	3,596
Family planning consultations	1,081
Ante-natal care consultations	561
Post-natal care consultations	268

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of women and girls' safe spaces (WGSS)	6
People reached with GBV programming / services	24,243
People reached with dignity kits	2,354
People provided with GBV case management	244
People reached with GBV awareness messages	3,417
People trained on GBV-related topics	319

YOUTH SERVICES

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of functional youth centres	4
People reached with youth programming	62

OTHER SERVICES

INDICATOR

INDICATOR	SINCE JANUARY
Number of social service centers (SSC)	27
Number of Key Refugee Service Units (KRG)	9
Number of functional mobile clinics	12



COORDINATION UPDATES

UNFPA continues to lead the GBV Area of Responsibility, ensuring that minimum standards are in place to prevent and respond to gender-based violence in emergencies.

To ensure good coordination when emergencies occur, the Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) has introduced the Cluster Approach. Clusters are groups of humanitarian organizations, both UN and non-UN, in each of the main sectors of humanitarian action such as water, health and logistics. In contexts where the IASC Cluster Approach has been activated, UNFPA is mandated to co-lead the GBV Area of Responsibility (GBV AoR), a body part of the Global Protection Cluster, which is led by UNHCR.

As lead, UNFPA is accountable for working closely with national authorities, partners and communities, to ensure that minimum standards are in place to prevent and respond to gender-based violence in emergencies. In non-clustered and refugee contexts, UNFPA is co-leading with UNHCR.

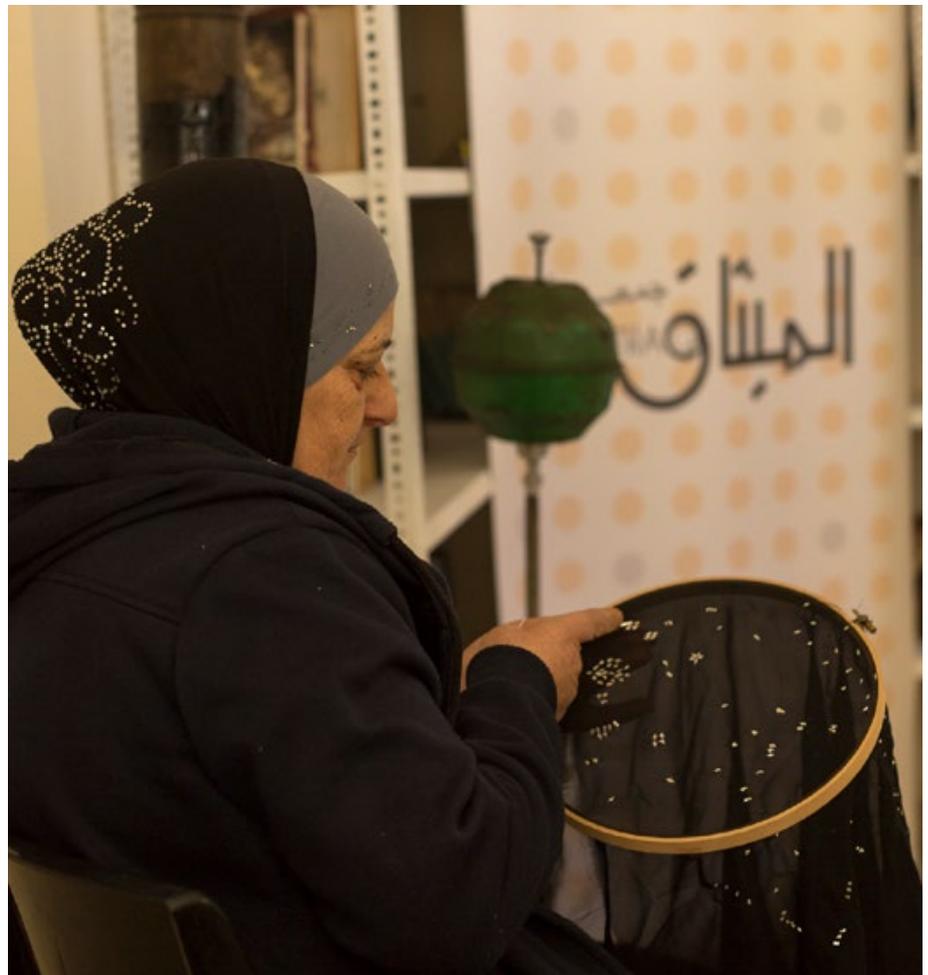
UNFPA leads the GBV coordination mechanisms. Through its Damascus-based operation, UNFPA is the main lead, while in its Turkey Cross Border operation UNFPA co-leads with Global Communities. In its refugee response in Turkey and Iraq, UNFPA co-leads with the Government of Turkey and International Medical Corps (IMC) respectively. In Jordan and Lebanon, UNFPA co-leads the refugee GBV response with UNHCR.

In February, coordination activities for the WoS GBV AOR focused on the HRP project development, review and vetting of the HRP project, in addition to the finalization of the HNO protection chapter. The content of the Voices from Syria publication was also finalized and the final draft can be accessed here.

The WoS GBV AoR also finalized the 2019 GBV dashboard to deliver 4Ws data for the entire year, with a total of 1,344,273 women, girls, men and boys reached with GBV programmes. Guidelines for the 4Ws for 2020 were also prepared, while the 4Ws GBV activity list was updated to better match field activities implemented by GBV actors.

Meanwhile, the UNFPA Regional Syria Response Hub participated in the planning meeting for the Regional Accountability Framework on Child Marriage, contributing to the identification of knowledge, programme and advocacy gaps, as well as the key objectives for the year.

In Turkey, the South-East Turkey (SET) SGBV SWG meeting was co-chaired by UNFPA in Gaziantep, with a focus the 2020 workplan, priorities, responsibilities and the timeline. UNFPA also co-chaired the Istanbul CP/SGBV Joint SWG meeting, which focused on finalizing work plans and terms of reference. The meeting also entailed a discussion on accountability towards people in need. Meanwhile, the National Protection Working Group conducted a two-day workshop to take stock of the current situation, including challenges, gaps and major issues. The workshop also served to document ongoing initiatives and to highlight good practices in relation to AAP across sectors. Lastly, the Syria Task Force meeting was held in Ankara with a focus inter-sectoral and sectoral workplans for 2020, 3RP financial tracking and funding analysis, and an update on the launch of the 3RP.



DONORS AND PARTNERS

The essential services being delivered to Syrians region-wide would not have been possible without the generous support of our donors and partners.

CURRENT DONORS

Australia, Canada, Denmark, The European Commission, Finland, France, Iceland, Italy, Japan, Republic of Korea, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

United Nations: OCHA/CERF, UNDP, and UNFPA Emergency Funds.

IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS

In Syria: Ministry of Health (MoH), Ministry of Higher Education (MOHE), Syrian Arab Red Crescent (SARC), Syrian Family Planning Association (SFPA), Agha Khan Foundation, Masyaf Charitable Association, Al Bir and Social Welfare Hama, Al Bir Charitable and Sociable Qamishly, Pan Armenian Charity Association, Al-Ihsan Charity Association, Al Bir and Al-Ihsan Charitable Association in Ras Alain, Albatoul Charity for Humanitarian Services, Islamic Charity Association – Aoun for Relief and Developments (AOUN), Monastery of Saint James the Mutilated (MSJM), Nour Foundation for Relief and Development, Syrian Commission for Family Affairs and Population, SCS, SEBC, OCHA / SHF. UNICEF, WFP, UNHCR, ILO, UNDP, UNHCR.

In Lebanon: Ministry of Public Health, Ministry of Social Affairs, Amel Association, Al Mithaq, Akkarouna, ABAAD.

In Jordan: IFH (Institute for family health), MOH (Ministry of health), JHAS (Society Aid Health Jordanian), JWU (Jordanian Women's Union), the National Council for Family Affairs (NCFA), YPEER (Youth Peer Education Network), Questscope, IRC, RHAS.

In Iraq: AL Massela, Harika, Zhian and Civil Development Organisation.

In Egypt: Ministry of Health and Population (MOHP), Ministry of Youth and Sport (MoYS), Arab Medical Union (AMU), Care International.

In Turkey: The Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD) of the Prime Ministry of Turkey; Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MoFA); Ministry of Health (MoH); Ministry of Labour, Social Services and Family; ASAM (Association for Solidarity with Asylum Seekers and Migrants); KAMER (Women's Center Foundation); Osmangazi University; Harran University; YAHA (Youth Approaches to Health Association); PYD (Positive Life Association); Red Umbrella; Bilgi University.

Turkey Cross-Border: Ihsan RD, Syrian Expatriate Medical Association (SEMA), Syrian American Medical Society (SAMS), Shafak.

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RELEVANT RESOURCES

www.unfpa.org

www.ocha.org

www.unhcr.org

<http://syria.humanitarianresponse.info>

