

Meeting of the ECLAC Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development

Quito, 4-6 July 2012

# AD HOC COMMITTEE ON POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

AGREEMENTS

### AGREEMENT 1

## REGIONAL CONFERENCE ON POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

At its meeting held in Quito from 4 to 6 July 2012, the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean,

*Recalling* resolution 536(XXV) by virtue of which the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean adopted, in 1994, the Latin American and Caribbean Regional Plan of Action on Population and Development, established the ECLAC sessional Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development with ultimate responsibility for monitoring and reviewing issues relating to population and development, including the Plan of Action itself, and provided for the election of Presiding Officers to ensure continuity in the coordination, monitoring and review between meetings of the Ad Hoc Committee,

*Bearing in mind* that the Commission decided by virtue of resolution 604(XXX) of 2004 that the Committee would act as the intergovernmental body with responsibility for the regional follow-up of the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing,

*Bearing in mind also* that, pursuant to resolution 615(XXXI) of 2006, the Committee was commissioned to monitor the issue of international migration,

*Taking into account* the provisions of paragraph 20 of the agreements adopted by the Ad Hoc Committee in 2010 and endorsed in resolution 657(XXXIII), according to which the agenda of the ordinary sessions of the Ad Hoc Committee should cover issues relating to indigenous peoples and Afrodescendent populations in Latin America,

*Noting* that member States requested by virtue of resolution 644(XXXII) of 2008 that the meetings of the Ad Hoc Committee should be extended by at least two days, owing to the added responsibilities assigned to it, and that the ordinary sessions of the Committee in 2010 and 2012 were therefore held independently of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth sessions of the Commission,

*Taking into account also* resolution 65/234, by virtue of which the General Assembly decided to extend the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the key actions for its further implementation beyond 2014, and requested also the Secretary-General to present a report based on the review and consideration of the implementation of the Programme of Action to the Commission on Population and Development at its forty-seventh session,

*Considering* that in resolution 657 (XXXIII) of 2010, member States highlighted the importance of considering population and development issues in the development proposal put forward by the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean and contained in the document *Time for Equality: closing gaps opening trails*,<sup>1</sup> as well as in public policies adopted at the national level,

*Consequently, and with the intention of* facilitating and increasing the regional coordination and follow-up of population and development issues, including South-South cooperation,

1. Decides that the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean will be renamed the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> LC/G.2432(SES.33/3), 2010.

- 2. *Agrees* that the Presiding Officers of the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean will be renamed the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;
- 3. *Transfers* all the functions of the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean to the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean, which will perform its functions in the light of, and with full respect for, the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the key actions for its further implementation;
- 4. *Resolves* that the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean will meet every two years and that its Presiding Officers will meet at least once between ordinary sessions of the Conference;
- 5. *Stresses* the importance of the participation of civil society in the sessions of the Regional Conference on Population and Development and the meetings of its Presiding Officers;
- 6. *Decides* that the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean may create working groups on priority issues in the field of population and development to assist it in fulfilling its functions;
- 7. *Urges* member States to establish or strengthen a national coordinating mechanism to facilitate the implementation and follow-up of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014 and to act as a permanent interlocutor with the Regional Conference;
- 8. *Requests* the secretariat of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean to convene the first session of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean in 2013 and to adopt as the central theme thereof the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014, and requests also the secretariat, in close coordination with the Presiding Officers of the Conference and in collaboration with the United Nations Population Fund, to prepare the relevant substantive documentation;
- 9. *Requests* the United Nations Population Fund and the other competent funds, programmes and specialized agencies to make their contributions, as appropriate, to the activities to be carried out by the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;
- 10. Thanks the Government of Uruguay for its offer to host the first session of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean, which will be held in the second half of 2013.

### AGREEMENT 2

## POPULATION, TERRITORY AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT, AND OTHER PRIORITY ACTIVITIES

The countries attending the meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, which was held in Quito from 4 to 6 July 2012,

*Recalling* the Programme of Action adopted at the International Conference on Population and Development, held in Cairo in September 1994, and the key actions for its further implementation, adopted in 1999; the Latin American and Caribbean Consensus on Population and Development, adopted in Mexico City in May 1993, and the Latin American and Caribbean Regional Plan of Action on Population and Development of 1994; the United Nations Millennium Declaration of September 2000; and the 2005 World Summit Outcome; as well as resolution 60/265 adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 30 June 2006,

*Recalling also* the commitments of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Platform for Action adopted at the Fourth World Conference on Women in Beijing in October 1995, and the Brasilia Consensus,<sup>2</sup> adopted at the eleventh session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean, held in Brasilia in July 2010,

*Considering* General Assembly resolution 59/174, which proclaimed the decade commencing on 1 January 2005 as the Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous Peoples, General Assembly resolution 61/295, which adopted the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, and the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action, which was adopted at the World Conference against Racism, Racial Discrimination, Xenophobia and Related Intolerance in 2001,

*Taking into account* the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20) and the outcome document of the Conference entitled *The future we want*,<sup>3</sup>

*Taking into account also* resolution 65/234 by virtue of which the General Assembly decided to extend the Cairo Programme of Action and the key actions for its further implementation beyond 2014 and in which it also requested the Secretary-General to submit a report based on the review of the implementation of the Programme of Action to the Commission on Population and Development at its forty-seventh session,

*Bearing in mind* resolution 2012/1 of the forty-fifth session of the Commission on Population and Development in April 2012, in which Governments are urged to protect the human rights of adolescents and youth including the right to have control over and decide freely and responsibly on matters relating to sexual and reproductive health, free of coercion, discrimination, and violence; and exhorted to provide them with a comprehensive education for human sexuality, human rights and gender equality,

*Taking into consideration* General Assembly resolution 65/1, which welcomes the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health, designed to advance towards fulfilment by 2015 of the Millennium Development Goal relating to women's and children's health; the establishment of the Commission on Information and Accountability for Women's and Children's Health and the appointment of an inter-agency working group for the reduction of maternal mortality, to implement the recommendations of that Commission at the regional level,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> LC/L.3309.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A/CONF.216/L.1

*Mindful of* the agreements relating to population and development: priority activities for the period 2010-2012, adopted by the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development and endorsed by the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean in its resolution 657(XXXIII), in which it was decided to organize a regional meeting in 2013 that would generate inputs for the activities to be conducted in 2014 on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the International Conference on Population and Development,<sup>4</sup>

*Bearing in mind* resolution 63/225 in which the General Assembly decided to hold a High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development during its sixty-eighth session, in 2013 and resolution 615(XXXI) on international migration, adopted at the thirty-first session of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, held in Montevideo in March 2006,

*Noting* resolution 7(VI), adopted at the sixth meeting of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, which was held in Bávaro, Dominican Republic, from 16 to 18 November 2011

Drawing attention to the third Regional Intergovernmental Conference on Ageing in Latin America and the Caribbean, which was held in San José from 8 to 11 May 2012, pursuant to the agreements on Population and Development: Priority Activities for the period 2010-2012 and resolution 2011/28 of the United Nations Economic and Social Council,

*Deeply convinced* that medium- and long-term planning can play a crucial role in closing existing production and social gaps, addressing historical and recent debts, and placing equality and environmental sustainability at the heart of the agenda of States and of the policies they design and implement,

1. Thanks and commends the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean and the Government of Ecuador for organizing the meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee on Population and Development of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean and the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre – Population Division of ECLAC for preparing the relevant documentation, particularly the documents entitled *Population, territory and sustainable development*<sup>5</sup> and *Reflections on the population and development agenda for Latin America and the Caribbean beyond 2014*<sup>6</sup>;

2. Also thanks the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre - Population Division of ECLAC and the United Nations Population Fund for the support provided to countries of the region in the implementation of the Cairo Programme of Action, the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing, and the contributions made in the recent biennium on issues relating to international migration, indigenous peoples and Afro-descendent populations and the other priority areas identified in the agreements of this Committee in 2010;

3. *Congratulates* the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre - Population Division of ECLAC for its initiative in conducting in 2012 a new version of the Regional intensive course on demographic analysis designed to strengthen the technical capacities of the countries of the region in the follow-up of the commitments adopted at United Nations conferences and summits; and requests the Division, in conjunction with the United Nations Population, to make arrangements for the organization of similar courses, subject to the availability of resources;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> LC/G.2465(CEP.2010/6)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> LC/L.3474(CEP.2/3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> LC/L.3481(CEP.2/5)

4. *Welcomes* the San José Charter on the Rights of Older Persons in Latin America and the Caribbean, adopted at the Third Regional Intergovernmental Conference on Ageing in Latin America and the Caribbean, and thanks the secretariat for its technical contribution in organizing that meeting as well as in preparing the relevant substantive documentation; thanks also the Government of Costa Rica and the United Nations Population Fund for organizing the Conference;

5. *Thanks also* the United Nations Population Fund and the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean for the launch, within the framework of the current meeting, of the report entitled *Investing in Youth: Regional Population Report in Latin America and the Caribbean 2011*;

6. Appeals to member States to uphold, and build on, the achievements of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, as well as the targets of the Millennium Development Goals, in particular those relating to the following: guaranteeing reproductive rights and universal access to sexual and reproductive health, with emphasis on preventing adolescent pregnancies, through comprehensive sex education and information and access to these services; protection against sexual abuse, in particular in the case of adolescents; prevention and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases, in particular HIV/AIDS; and the universal provision of comprehensive maternal health services; and urges them to step up their efforts to reduce the disparities that persist in the fulfilment of these objectives by assigning specific resources to those populations that suffer the most from social exclusion;

7. Appeals also to member States to ensure that all persons have access to comprehensive sex education, the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS, and are able to make timely use of quality, culturally relevant, sexual and reproductive health care services, including information on and availability of contraceptive devices; and, in the case of adolescents, to, confidential, user-friendly services; and that all women receive skilled obstetric care during labour, safe abortion services where permitted by the respective national legislation, and optimum health services during pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium;

8. *Urges* member States to include among the comprehensive sexual and reproductive health services measures to prevent, or treat cases of, unsafe abortion, including pre- and post-abortion counselling in accordance with national legislation;

9. *Calls for* the promotion and implementation of measures to ensure that men become involved in considering their own sexual and reproductive health and that of their partners, including access to quality sexual and reproductive health services which provide for their specific needs;

10. Urges member States to redouble their efforts to ensure accountability in terms of the effective implementation of policies, programmes and national investment geared to fulfilling the Millennium Development Goal relating to women's and children's health;

11. *Reaffirms* the importance of international cooperation for the effective implementation of the Cairo Programme of Action and exhorts member States and the funds, programmes and specialized agencies of the United Nations to mobilize sufficient resources at the national and international levels in order to speed up implementation of the Cairo Programme of Action;

12. *Underscores* the importance of ensuring that the Governments of Latin American and Caribbean countries consider the progress made and obstacles faced at the national level in their efforts to implement the Cairo Programme of Action, on the basis of the analysis of timely and accurate information and with the participation of civil society;

13. *Reaffirms* the agreements set forth in resolution 615(XXXI), adopted at the thirty-first session of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, invites the Governments that have not yet done so to consider signing and ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families and invites those Governments that have already signed the instrument to guarantee its full implementation;

14. *Reiterates the call* for member States to participate actively in the preparations for the High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development, which will be organized by the General Assembly in 2013 during its sixty-eighth session;

15. *Reaffirms* that the eradication of poverty is a precondition for the three pillars of sustainable development –economic, social, environmental and their interlinkages-- and urges member States to improve their sustainable development policies, foster energy efficiency and address the impacts of climate change, bearing in mind the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20), with a view to facilitating its implementation;

16. *Exhorts* member States to advance towards the consolidation of planning systems that help to build equitable societies, free of social exclusion, by designing public policies geared to reducing gaps in the quality of life and in the exercise of the rights of all persons, with emphasis on the living conditions of human beings and their relationship with the territory where they live;

17. *Recognizes* the importance of strengthening State structures and the strategic role played by machineries for the advancement of women as well as the need to endow these machineries with autonomy and with the necessary human and financial resources to enable them to have a cross-cutting impact on the structure of the State with a view to building strategies for promoting women's autonomy and gender equality;

18. *Reaffirms* the commitment to design and strengthen universal care policies and services, based on recognition of the need for care and the notion of sharing the provision of care between the State, the private sector, civil society and households, as well as between men and women, and of strengthening dialogue and coordination between all stakeholders;

19. Exhorts member States to implement fully the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, the Beijing Platform for Action and the Brasilia Consensus of 2010 and to step up their efforts to achieve gender equality, with emphasis on the physical autonomy of women, the eradication of all forms of violence and discrimination against them, access by women to stable jobs within the labour market, regulation and enforcement of laws enacted on gender equality and the guarantee of the sexual and reproductive rights of women, including access to sexual and reproductive health-care services;

20. Appeals to members States to ensure that, in the formulation and implementation of development plans, policies and programmes at all political and administrative levels, account is taken of population dynamics, including changes in the age structure of the population, the spatial distribution thereof, and the medium- and long-term sectoral consequences of demographic change, bearing in mind the specific implications of such dynamics at the territorial level;

21. *Urges* member States to participate actively in the next meeting of the Regional Council for Planning of the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning, to be held in Brasilia in November 2012, in order to incorporate population factors more fully in the long-term vision and strategic planning for development;

22. Urges also member States to continue their efforts to implement fully the Cairo Programme of Action, with special attention to urbanization, mobility and migration, and territorial development;

23. *Calls on* member States to bear in mind the importance of territory as the key element in sustainable development and to reduce territorial inequalities since these exacerbate economic, social and environmental inequities, between subnational divisions as well as between countries;

24. *Encourages* member States to build more closely coordinated, integrated and cohesive territories by adopting active territorial policies, inspired by a vision of sustainable development and designed to reduce asymmetries between urban and rural areas, between small, intermediate and large cities and between isolated populations and those that live in small rural settlements;

25. *Exhorts* member States to step up their efforts towards deconcentration and decentralization and to strive to bring fundamental basic services such as quality education and health care closer to and within access of the entire population;

26. *Calls on* member States to consider effectively involving the community in decisions relating to decentralization that affect them and effectively allocating resources and technical capacities to subnational governments in order to reduce the inequalities that have existed in the past between the different territories;

27. Urges Governments to formulate strategies for developing a city system that encompasses territorial planning and environmental sustainability in order to promote orderly and sustainable urban growth and strengthen all the segments of this system, including intermediate and small cities;

28. *Invites* Governments to consider border areas as areas of interaction and integration between countries, and *recommends* that steps be taken to improve the quality of life in these areas, and to promote decent treatment for migrants, bearing in mind their specific cultural traits and particular needs in terms of sexual and reproductive health;

29. *Exhorts* member States to promote respect for and full implementation of the provisions of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, in accordance with the legal framework of each State, and to ensure that these rights are upheld, taking into consideration the revival of alternative approaches and development proposals, such as "good living" or "the good way of living" (*sumak kawsay*);

30. *Urges* member States to strengthen comprehensive and inclusive mechanisms and policies on youth in order to advance towards the recognition and guarantee of the rights of adolescents and young people, including the right to comprehensive education on human sexuality, while respecting the informed decisions that adolescents may make concerning their sexuality; to provide access to comprehensive sexual and reproductive health services; and to ensure continuing education for pregnant girls and young mothers;

31. *Also urges* member States to put into practice the agreements established in resolution 2012/1 on adolescents and youth, adopted by the Commission on Population and Development at its forty-fifth session;

32. Appeals to member States to guarantee sufficient financial, human and technological resources in order to increase the provision of quality public services for comprehensive health care for women, and to promote conditions conducive to the exercise of the sexual and reproductive rights of women and adolescent girls in all their diversity, throughout their life cycle and for all the different population groups, without discrimination of any kind, subject to the relevant national legislation;

.33. *Encourages* the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean to address the specific population and development challenges they face by means of policies on climate change, international migration, environmental vulnerability, the HIV epidemic, adolescent pregnancies, maternal mortality and gender-based violence in particular in populations with increased vulnerability; to guarantee universal access to education, information and sexual and reproductive health services, with emphasis on the adolescent and young population; and to allocate resources for improving sociodemographic and health information systems;

34. *Urges* member States to bring their statistical work and the design of information systems in line with the programme objectives that are part of their development proposals;

*35. Reiterates* that it is important for member States to improve data sources, particularly population censuses, vital statistics and specialized surveys, and to allocate sufficient financial and human resources for this purpose; and stresses the importance of developing systems that provide reliable, timely, quality, georeferenced, national statistical information, disaggregated by sex and age group, to facilitate decision-making and the formulation, follow-up and appraisal of development policies and programmes, including the appropriate follow-up of United Nations summits and conferences;

36. *Recommends* that member States build or strengthen institutions for addressing population and development issues at the national and subnational levels;

37. *Requests* that the secretariat, in coordination with the Presiding Officers of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean and with support from the United Nations Population Fund, continue, with due regard to the links between population and development, to give priority to the following issues from a gender perspective: determinants and consequences of demographic trends; sociodemographic inequities; maternal and child mortality; sexual and reproductive health; youth; ageing and older persons; indigenous peoples and Afro-descendent populations in Latin America and the Caribbean; international and internal migration; sources of sociodemographic information (population censuses and vital statistics), and human resources training in the fields of demography and population and development;

38. *Requests* the secretariat to support Governments in adopting an accountability framework and implementing the recommendations of the Commission on Information and Accountability for Women's and Children's Health, with a view to advancing towards the health targets for women and children established under the Millennium Development Goals;

*39. Also requests* the secretariat, through the Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre – Population Division of ECLAC, to continue to provide technical assistance to the Working Group on Censuses of the Statistical Conference of the Americas in order to assist countries with the generation, analysis and dissemination of up-to-date census information that is of economic, social and environmental relevance;

40. *Encourages* the secretariat to continue, through its interaction with the inter-agency groups, to coordinate efforts with other international and multilateral agencies in order to implement priority activities relating to population and development for the benefit of member States; and *urges* it to promote and expand South-South cooperation and sharing of best practices;

41. *Requests* the secretariat to maintain its support for countries in providing statistical visibility to indigenous peoples and Afro-descendent populations of Latin America and the Caribbean by seeking to develop specific and innovative indicators, to continue to monitor at the regional level the issues relating to these population groups in Latin America and the Caribbean;

42. *Urges* the secretariat to provide technical support to countries in the implementation of the San José Charter on the Rights of Older Persons in Latin America and the Caribbean, with special reference to training, information, public policies and financing, research and human rights; in addition requests the secretariat to support the organization of meetings for the dissemination and follow-up of the Charter;

43. *Requests* the secretariat, in collaboration with the United Nations Population Fund, to provide the necessary technical support to countries in the operational 20-year review of the implementation of the Cairo Programme of Action, to prepare a regional report on the achievements, pending issues and emerging challenges for the future and, in the light of the outcome of this study to update the proposed regional agenda on population and development post-2014, for presentation and discussion at the first session of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean in the second half of 2013;

44. *Agrees* that the outcome of the first session of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean, the central theme of which will be the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014, will serve as an input for the forty-seventh session of the Commission on Population and Development and the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly;

45. *Requests* the secretariat to report, at the first session of the Regional Conference on Population and Development, on the activities conducted in the substantive areas mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs.