



# Main Funding Achievements 2017 – A Recap



#### ✓ A record year due to:

- ✓ Exceptional RM efforts to re-focus and mobilize
- ✓ Great solidarity from our traditional donors to bridge the core-gap and to maintain life-saving activities and humanitarian action
- ✓ International mobilization on FP (London Summit), women's and girls rights (She Decides).
- ✓ Consolidation of partnerships and diversifications with the EU and IFIs
- ✓ Great momentum around the Strategic Plan and the "3 zeros"
- ✓ Need to pursue these efforts in 2018 and beyond to meet or exceed our funding targets
  - Key role of Structured Funding Dialogues and the realization of UNFPA "Funding Compact"
  - Further implementation of UNFPA Resource Mobilization Strategy

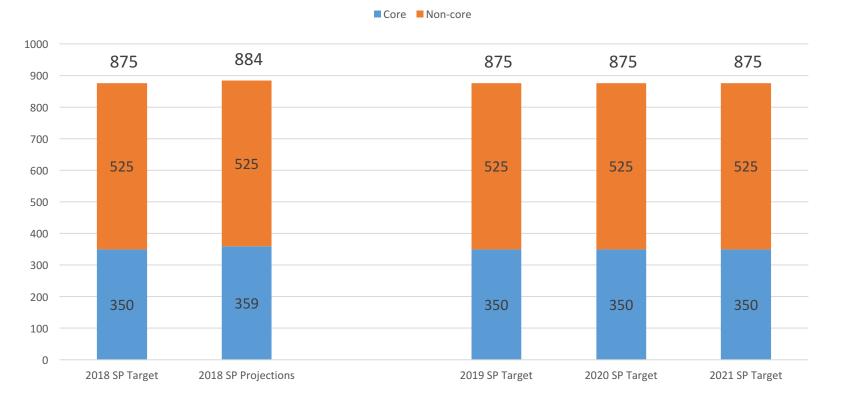
## Targets & Projections for the Strategic Plan 2018 - 2021







- **Funding targets remain** ambitious
- Budget is prudent and realistic
- Majority of the resources to be allocated to programmes
- Additional resources mobilized would be **dedicated to country** programmes
- UNFPA is exploring opportunities to further mobilize resources beyond these targets



## **UNFPA Main Funding Challenges 2018**





#### **Core resources**

- ✓ Downward trend in core funding > Impact on countries' ceilings
- ✓ Narrow base of large core contributors with only 10 donors contributing 90% of 2017 revenue > vulnerability to decrease or defunding
- ✓ Stagnant core contributions from programme countries and non-OECD DAC donors: only 1.3 % of UNFPA total core resources
- ✓ Only 1/3 of donors provide multi-year core funding: Predictability issue
- ✓ Majority of payments occurs late in the year > planning & implementation challenges & additional exposure to exchange rates fluctuation

## **UNFPA Main Funding Challenges 2018 (cont'd)**





### Non Core (Co-Financing) Resources

- ✓ Some partners unwilling to include eligible direct costs or to comply with cost-recovery rates > cross-subsidization & further erosion of core-resources
- ✓ High volatility and managerial complexity of non core resources
- ✓ Highly fragmented sources of funding

# What do we want to achieve in 2018 & beyond?



- > For core resources
- ✓ Maintain or surpassing the level of 350 M
- ✓ Increase the number of donors committing to multi-year contributions
- ✓ Increase the number of core donors from 120 (2017) to 150
- ✓ Increase the % from non-OECD DAC & pg countries from 1.3 % to 5-10%
- For non core & thematic funding
- ✓ Optimize and fully align funding streams through the funding architecture
- Improve the quality of information (funding gaps) & visibility for contributors (donors pages and other products)
- > Contribute to the UN Reform Agenda through the SFDs and the Compact

# What do we want to achieve in 2018 & beyond? ... Further developing blended financing instruments



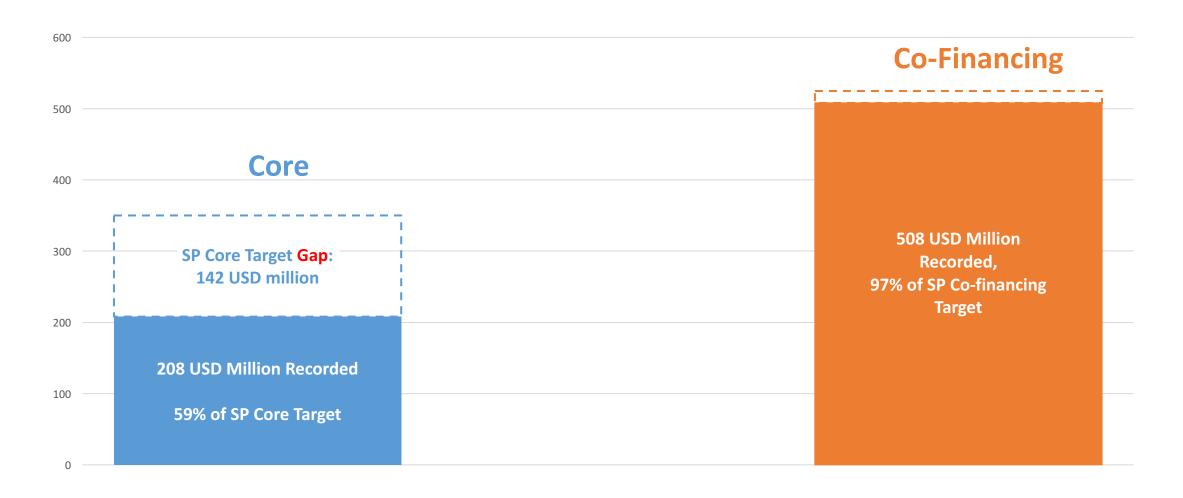


#### Such as ...

- ✓ With Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation and DFID: Bridge mechanism for UNFPA Supplies
- ✓ In Congo and Benin, Debt Swaps agreement frameworks with AFD (France)
- ✓ UNFPA Panama, Agreement with the government to use taxes from tobacco to fund youth programmes in the region
- ✓ Programme in Mexico, Peru and Brazil on HIV prevention transmission using funds from UNITAID, a global health PPP (airline ticket tax)

# Where are we in terms of targets 2018?





### Where Are We In Terms Of Number of Core Donors?



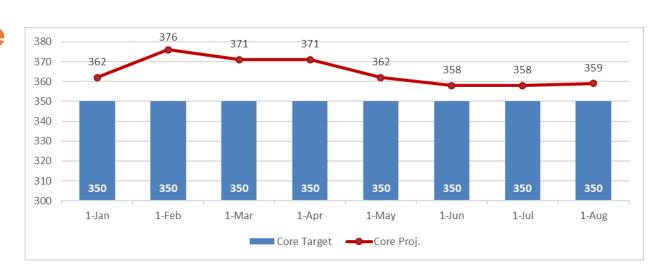
Overall downward trend, and still far from the "150 donors" target ...



# What are the Main Factors Affecting The level of Core Resources in 2018?



- Increase of Donors Contributions
  Additional forecasted contributions from 5 donors (compared to 2017)
- Decrease in Donors Contributors
  Reduction in forecasted contributions from 4 donors (compared to 2017)
- Impact of Exchange Rate

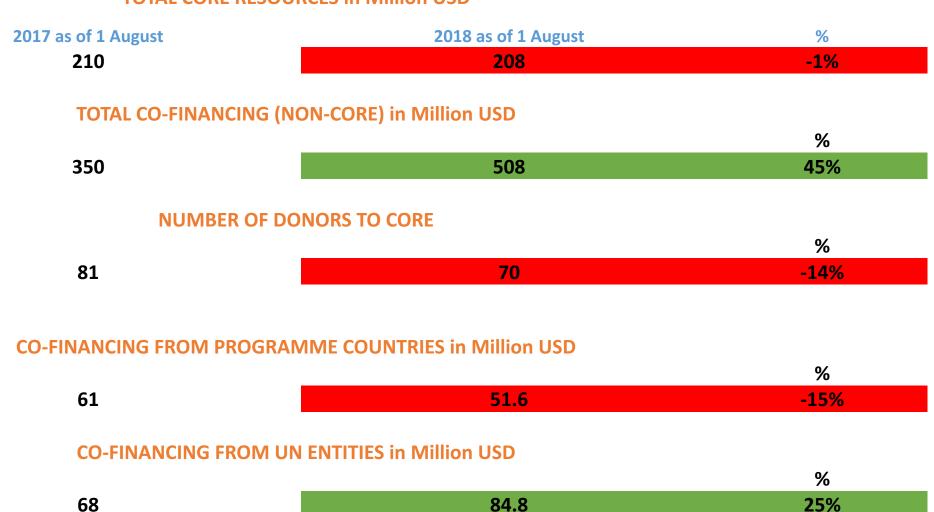


> Conditionalities on Core Resources



## How are we doing compared to 1 August, last year?

#### **TOTAL CORE RESOURCES in Million USD**





## How are we doing compared to 1 August, last year? (Cont'd)



Strategic Partnerships — Priorities for 2018

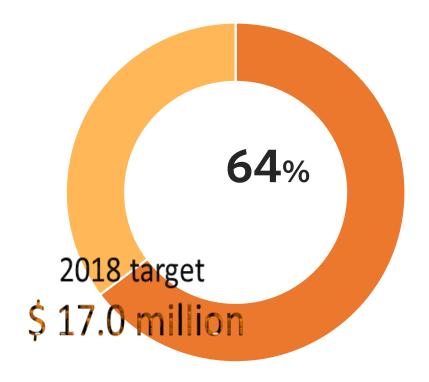


- ✓ Ensure strong alignment with Strategic Plan 2018-2021
- ✓ Deepen collaboration with existing strategic partners
- ✓ Conduct targeted outreach to selected companies and organizations
- ✓ Launch implementation of Individual Giving strategy
- ✓ Increase resources mobilized from Private Sector by 10 % (from 2017 target)

# Strategic Partnerships – Achievements 2018

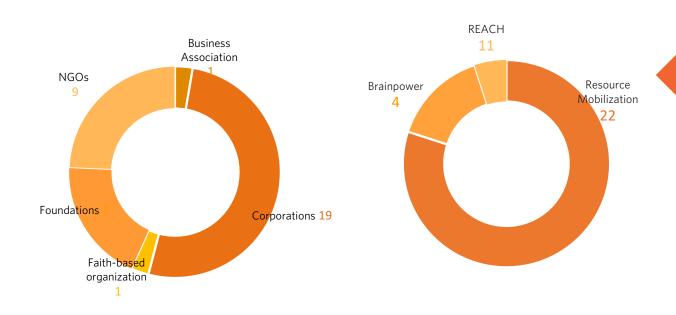


Total contributions raised \$ 11.0 million



### **Total partnerships formed**

**37** 



By partner type

By partnership type





## **Ambition and Key Features of the Dialogues**

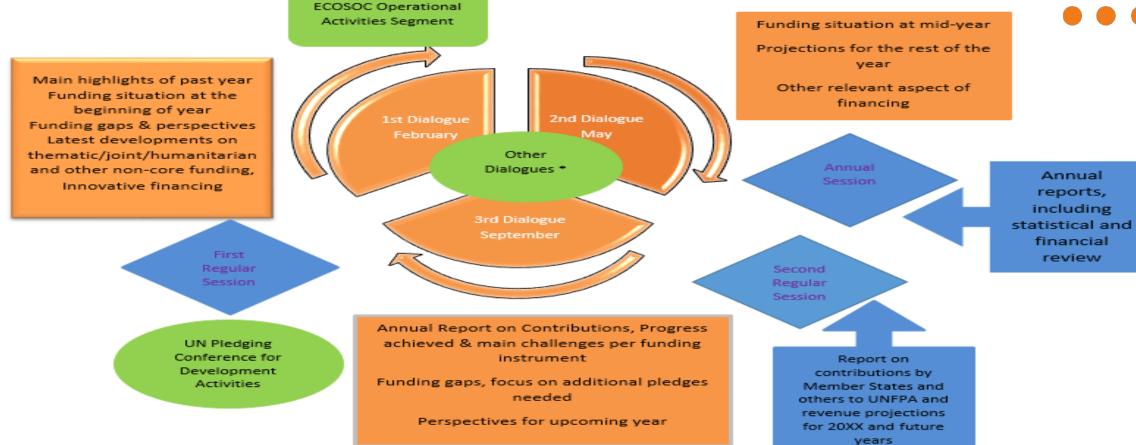
# TO SECURE ADEQUATE LEVELS OF SUSTAINABLE FUNDING FOR THE DURATION OF STRATEGIC PLAN



- ✓ A platform for Member States to remain engaged and informed throughout the year.
- ✓ Discuss and find solutions to challenges & funding gaps
- ✓ Advance UNFPA "Funding Compact" (while UN reform contours are further defined)
- ✓ Consolidate UNFPA Funding Architecture: addressing fragmentation & enhancing quality funding
- ✓ Consistency of approaches and collaboration with other UN Agencies
- ✓ "Co-Champions" to further mobilize Member States engagement and support
   ➤ Egypt & Sweden

### **Key Features of the Dialogues**





ECOSOC / UN related matters

UNDP/UNFPA/UNOPS Executive Board related matters

UNFPA SFDs

<sup>\*</sup>To be further defined depending on circumstances, decisions of the Executive Board and directions of the broader UN reform.

## "Funding Compact" between UNFPA & Member States



#### UNFPA commits to:

-Excellence in programming
-Transparency in financing
-Accountability in
management & reporting
-Visibility & Recognition
-Alignment of funding
architecture to the SP

Structured Financing Dialogues

Mutual Commitment between UNFPA and Member States

Member States commit to:

-Adequate & predictable levels of Funding for the implementation of the SP 2018-21

-Help support the operationalization of the funding architecture

#### **TARGETS 2018-21**

- From 120 to 150 core-contributors
- From 1.5% to 5-10% of non- OECD/DAC & Programme countries
  - Maintaining or surpassing \$ 350 M. / year
    - Increasing multi-year contributions
  - Operationalizing the funding architecture

# Contribution to the Proposals in the UN Funding Reform (Ongoing Dialogue by Member States)



**SG Funding Compact** > Tool to maximize investments in the UNDS and its transparency and accountability to system-Wide results

#### **UNDS's ASK**

- Increase share of core resources across the system from 22% to > 30%
- Double contributions to interagency pooled funds (from 8% noncore to 16%) and increase agency thematic funds from \$400m to \$800m
- Ensure full capitalization of the new Joint Fund for the 2030 Agenda at \$290 million / year and quantum-leap in funding to PBF as immediate step
- Fund the RC system through voluntary contribution (\$255m and discretionary policy fund at \$35m)

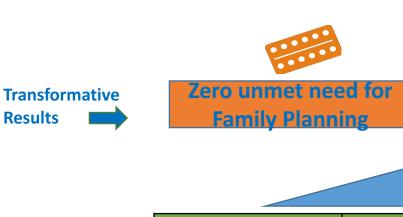
Funding Compact

#### **UNDS's COMMITMENT**

- Annual reporting on system-wide support to the SDGs, both at country level and to the ECOSOC
- System-wide enrolment in IATI and full compliance with international transparency standards
- Easier access to financial data on resources entrusted to the system
- Independent system-wide evaluations for credible assessment of results
- Full cost-recovery for non-core tasks
- UNDS entities allocate at least 15% of non-core resources to joint activities
- Enhancing visibility of Member States contributions to core and pooled funds

# **UNFPA** Funding Architecture



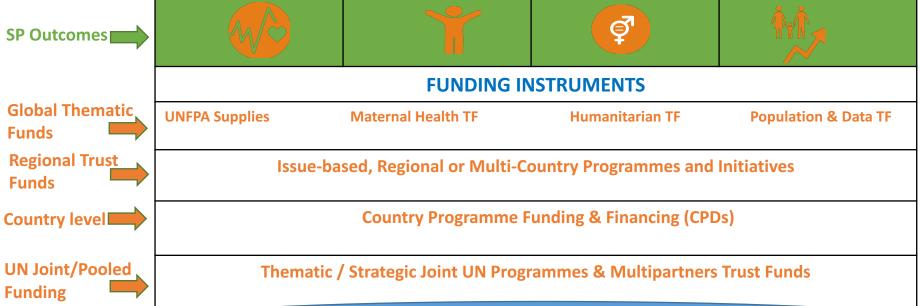




**Maternal Deaths** 



Zero GBV and Harmful
Practices



Non-CORE
Minimum Target
525 M./year

**CORE – foundation/bedrock Minimum Target 350 M./year** 

# UNFPA Funding Architecture Funding Situation (1 August 2018)









Transformative Results

Zero unmet need for Family Planning Zero preventable Maternal Deaths Zero GBV and Harmful
Practices

**Funding Gaps 2018** 

#### **Main Thematic Instruments Global Prg to End Child UNFPA Supplies** Maternal/Newborn Marriage 49% **Health TF** 33 % 40 % **Joint Prg Female Genital Mutilation** 0 % **Humanitarian Action TF** 50% Data / Census TF (under elaboration)

Non-CORE (Co-Financing) 3 %

**CORE – foundation/bedrock** 

41 %

# Role of the co-champions





- √ Informal role
- ✓ Helping UNFPA mobilize political support for the implementation of the SP
- ✓ Rallying a broader and diverse group of committed partners

### More specifically, the co-champions would:

- ✓ act as trusted and privileged UNFPA's interlocutors to test ideas/concepts regarding funding and financing
- √ help maintain an atmosphere of trust for frank and inclusive discussion
- ✓ reach out to Member States to energize participation in and ownership of SFDs.





✓ We need to do things differently to meet our ambition:
 A fully Funded Strategic Plan



- ✓ Ensure inclusion of all constituencies
- ✓ We need program countries to pro-actively advocate for and invest in their own development YOU ARE UNFPA's SHAREHOLDERS!
- ✓ Keep the focus on country needs, priorities and best funding/financing practices.
- ✓ SFDs are YOUR platform to express your views, share best practices and locally tested solutions > More impact on the ground

Please reach-out to the SFDs "Co-Champions"!



# DIALOGUE with member states ... WINFPA





## **Comments & Suggestions covering**

- √ Financial updates 2017, Perspectives 2018 (Report)
- ✓ UNFPA draft proposal to the Executive **Board on Structured Funding Dialogue** (Addendum to the Report)
- ✓ Practical ideas to improve the Dialogue

