**RWANDA CONTEXT**

- **Total Population:** 11,809,300
- **Annual growth rate:** 2.3%
- **59% Young People aged 0-24**
- **Women of Reproductive Age 26%**
- **Contraceptive Prevalence Rate 47.5% | Unmet Need 19%**

**Funding Environment**

- **External funding to health 60% | Share of public budget 17%**
- **Private sector spending 11% of total health spending in Rwanda**
UNFPA IN RWANDA
CHANGING THE WAY WE SUPPORT TRANSFORMATIVE RESULTS

Our Value Proposition

- Capitalizing on national commitment and leadership on ICPD
- UNFPA’s Leadership in a matured Delivering as One context
- Leverage our technical expertise and convening role on Demographic Dividend, Young People, Data for Development
- Championing innovation & change: from Red to Orange Quadrant

8th CP Priorities & Commitment (2018-2023)

- National level financial sustainability plan for FP
- 96% of service delivery points without stock-outs (FP)
- 50% of health centers providing youth-friendly services
- 2022 Census & 2019 DHS conducted

Mainstream gender as a cross-cutting component of sexual reproductive health

Use innovative technology to improve cost effectiveness

Reinforce mechanisms at decentralized levels

Leveraging partnerships in DaO Context

Reinforce mechanisms at decentralized levels
Increase Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (Modern Methods) by **9.5%**

Additional 250,000 women using FP

**CPR Baseline** = 47.5% (2015)

**CPR Target** = 57% (2023)
1. Summarize aggregate country-level data related to current financing and commitments to voluntary FP
2. Identify options of how to fill the gap for modern contraception
3. Develop options for increased national investment in FP Reproductive Health Commodity Security
4. Develop an implementation plan of FP Business Case > financial sustainability in changing aid environment
*Every $1 invested in FP could yield $112 in returns, between 2015-2050

*Ambitious scenario
Implications of the Business Case for Rwanda

Investments in voluntary Family Planning can bring:

Resources returned by 2050:
- Health: US$50 billion
- Education: US$29.5 billion
- Economy: US$21 billion
- Agriculture: US$3 billion
- Infrastructure: US$300 million

By 2050…
- Maternal mortality will reduce from 210 to 40 per 100,000 live births
- Under-5 mortality rate will reduce to 27 deaths per 1,000 live births
- Over 2.5 million Rwandans will be lifted from poverty
- Substantially prevent unintended pregnancies
- …and many more benefits across different sectors
WHAT DOES IT REQUIRE?

Projected funding gap between 2015-2050 (depending on the assumption)

- **By 2023**, a funding gap of between **$5.06 million** and **$5.67 million** will be created if the current funding landscape stays the same and a higher mCPR is to be achieved.

- If a higher mCPR is to be achieved, the funding gap will increase substantially to between **$18.50 - $21.14 million** by 2050.
Key strategies for financing FP activities in Rwanda

- Operationalise national health financing strategic plan
- Advocacy for increased domestic allocation to the health sector
- Improve predictability of multi-year funding
- Optimize & diversify family planning programme resources
- Synergies of Public-Private Community Partnership & Sustainable Service Delivery
- FP/Adol SRH services included in the essential benefits package of UHC (esp health insurance schemes)
- Innovative financing mechanisms > resources for FP services and long-term financial sustainability of the programme
  - SDG Fund call on Financing (2020)
The Fund supports UNCTs in investing in leveraging public & private financing to advance the SDGs

- Mainstreaming innovation to increase efficiency & sustainability
- Implementing the Recommendations of the Family Planning Business Case
- Financing SRH agenda can deliver SDGs and national development strategy
“A Thousand Health Posts in the Land of a Thousand Hills”:
Promoting Universal Health Coverage by Catalyzing Investments in Financially and Environmentally Sustainable Primary Health Care

• 1 of 28 successful Concepts approved by SDG Fund in July 2020
• Full Proposal as Joint Programme under development for 31 Oct 2020
• UN Joint Programme: UNFPA (lead), UNDP, WHO, UNHCR & RCO
• Rwanda Government leadership - Min of Finance & Planning, MoH
• Investment estimated at $35 million (SDG Fund $8.95m, remaining co-funded by private sector, government and partners)
• Expansion of Health Posts: + 1000 facilities
• De-risking of HP business models
• Strengthening the financial sustainability through innovative financing
• Electrification of Health Posts with green energy
• Increased resilience to public health threats: Ebola, Covid-19
INTEGRATION OF BLENDED FINANCING

• Integrated approach > large savings for Gov’t & simultaneous SDG targets

• Increased efficiency of public spending toward the investment program

• Scaling-up PPP and catalyses new investment from private sector

• Enhance PPP model: financial sustainability and profitability through blended financing mechanisms
TAKE AWAY MESSAGES

• Thru One UN model, **UNFPA is leading innovation & health financing to strengthen SRHR** within national development agenda.

• **Leveraging Government leadership & UN Development Reform** is accelerating blended financing systems for SRHR.

• **Integrated and targeted investments** can accrue savings for reinvestment in the Unfinished Business of ICPD and SDG targets.

• **UN institutional capacity building** on innovative financing for social development, including SRHR will accelerate progress.

*Sustained Executive Board support for SRHR in SDG Financing and integrated investment approach at country level is critical.*