

BANGLADESH 2018



Bangladesh aspires to become a middle-income country by 2021. Women's low status in society and high rates of maternal death and illness remain serious concerns, as well as the prevalence of child marriage. Since 1974, UNFPA has helped improve reproductive health care services, working to achieve universal access by emphasizing gender-inclusiveness and human rights. Support to reduce sexual and gender-based violence includes increasing awareness and extending services for survivors. UNFPA also helps bolster national capacities to integrate population and gender concerns across plans and policies.

KEY RESULTS ACHIEVED IN 2018



FISTULA TREATMENT

663 Fistula repair surgeries provided with the support of UNFPA



ADVOCACY PLATFORMS AGAINST HARMFUL SOCIAL NORMS

50 Advocacy platforms were developed to eliminate discriminatory gender and sociocultural norms which affect women and girls



CHILD, EARLY AND FORCED MARRIAGE

60,632 Girls received, with support from UNFPA, prevention, protection services, and/or care related to child, early, and forced marriage



CENSUS DISAGGREGATION

Census results disaggregated by age and sex were available and publically accessible online



COMMON DATA SET

A common operational data set on population statistics was produced



YOUTH PARTICIPATION IN HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

During a humanitarian crisis, young people were included in decision-making mechanisms in all phases of humanitarian response



MIDWIVES IN PUBLIC HEALTH FACILITIES

Deployment of 1,143 midwives to rural health facilities



NATIONAL PLAN FOR SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

Developed National Policy on Family Planning



ADOLESCENT FRIENDLY SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES

More than 9,000 adolescents received services from trained providers in 2018 through 139 adolescent-friendly health service providers



FISTULA TREATMENT

Fistula corner has been established in five district hospitals



HARMFUL PRACTICES NATIONAL PLAN

The National Plan of Action to Eliminate Child Marriage was finalised



GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE PLATFORM

National Plan of Action on Violence against Women 2018 - 2030 was developed incorporating Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

EMERGENCIES KEY RESULTS

PEOPLE REACHED	SERVICES DELIVERED	CAPACITY STRENGTHENED
<p> Affected population who directly benefited from all types of ERH kits 129,990</p> <p> UNFPA-assisted safe deliveries 3,773</p> <p> Affected population reached with Adolescent SRH 220</p> <p> Affected population reached with family planning services 72,820</p> <p> GBV survivors reached 18,948</p>	<p> Number of Dignity Kits distributed 80,728</p> <p> Safe spaces supported by UNFPA (includes women's, girls' and youth spaces) 19</p> <p> Maternity health facilities/tents/homes operationalized with UNFPA support 21</p> <p> Service delivery points (SDPs) supported that provide clinical management of rape (CMR) services 21</p>	<p> Number of personnel trained on Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) 50</p> <p> Number of youth facilitators, peers and volunteers trained on SRH/GBV 220</p> <p> Is a system for safe and ethical GBV incident data management functional? (e.g. GBV IMS) Yes</p>

PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES

Integrated sexual and reproductive health services

\$17,738,172.62 (64.0%)

Increased availability and use of integrated sexual and reproductive health services (including family planning, maternal health and HIV) that are gender-responsive and meet human rights standards for quality of care and equity in access

Total Spending: **\$17,738,173**

Implemented by:
UNFPA \$7,251,742 (41%)
NGO \$8,018,671 (45%)
Gov \$2,080,104 (12%)
UN agencies \$387,655 (2%)

Funded by:
Core Resources (14%)
Non-core Resources (86%)

Adolescents and youth

\$2,198,372.28 (7.9%)

Increased priority on adolescents, especially on very young adolescent girls, in national development policies and programmes, particularly increased availability of comprehensive sexuality education and sexual and reproductive health

Total Spending: **\$2,198,372**

Implemented by:
UNFPA \$890,220 (40%)
NGO \$1,051,276 (48%)
Gov \$256,876 (12%)

Funded by:
Core Resources (34%)
Non-core Resources (66%)

Gender equality

\$7,065,274.82 (25.5%)

Advanced gender equality, women's and girls' empowerment, and reproductive rights, including for the most vulnerable and marginalized women, adolescents and youth

Total Spending: **\$7,065,275**

Implemented by:
UNFPA \$368,4147 (52%)
NGO \$317,1899 (45%)
Gov \$209,229 (3%)

Funded by:
Core Resources (24%)
Non-core Resources (76%)

Organizational effectiveness

\$0.00 (0.0%)

Organizational effectiveness and efficiency

Total Spending: **\$0**

Implemented by:

Funded by:

Analysis on population dynamics

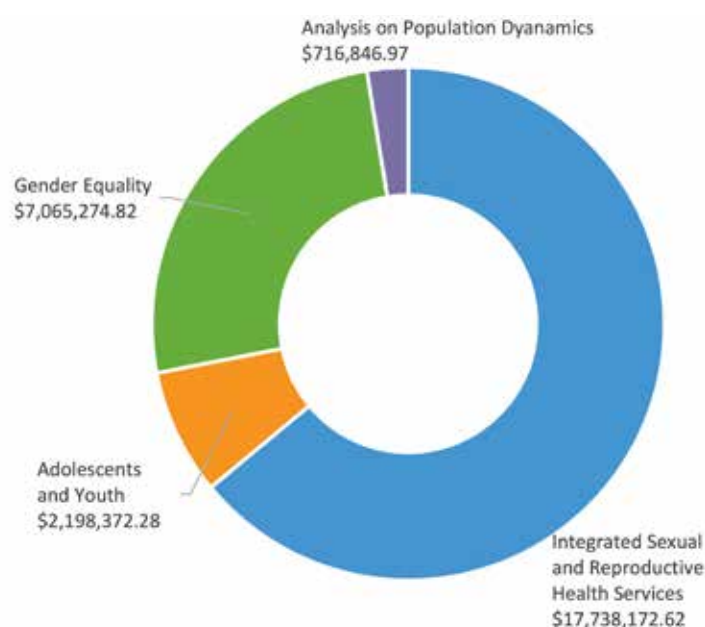
\$716,846.97 (2.6%)

Development, sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights, HIV and gender equality

Total Spending: **\$716,847**

Implemented by:
UNFPA \$418,752 (58%)
Gov \$298,095 (42%)

Funded by:
Core Resources (87%)
Non-core Resources (13%)



TECHNICAL NOTES AND SOURCES