Organizationa I unit:				Year of report:		2021	
Title of evaluation report:	UNFPA Afghanistan 4th Country Programme 2015 - 2021 Final Evalu	ation Repo	rt				
Overall quality of report:	Very good		D	ate of assessment:		8 June 202 I	
Overall comments:	The evaluation provides a thorough examination of the Country Programme. The findings are well substantiated and give a very detailed account of the programme activities, but perhaps more than is necess. for an evaluation as the report ends up being quite lengthy. The Conclusions are particularly well formulated and help to synthesize the main results. The set of recommendations appears useful for informing the development of the next CP. The evaluation is notable for practices followed to enable a level of in-person data collection during covid. These included using local consultants who were able to visit programme participants at their residences when gatherings were restricted, and using masks and hand sanitizer to minimize exposure risks during interviews. The evaluation also did well in examining the extent to which the CP was disability inclusive, with disability-related issues being evident in the findings, conclusions and recommendations. There are several areas where the evaluation could be improved. I respect to Design and Methodology, it is not clear how the intent of the evaluation to include the participation of vulnerable groups was achieved - the sampling framework did not indicate numbers of rightsholders included and their voices were not evident in the data presented. The gender breakdown of evaluation participants was also not provided. The overall presentation of the report could have been improved by using a clearer and larger-sized font, by having more concise and less text-dense findings, and by final editing.					ecommendations appears useful for informing local consultants who were able to visit ne evaluation also did well in examining the eas where the evaluation could be improved. In framework did not indicate numbers of	
Assessment Levels	Very         strong, above average, best         Good         satisfactory, respectable	Fair	with some weaknesses, still acceptable	Unsatisfactory	weak, does n	not meet minimal quality standards	
Quality Assess	ment Criteria		Insert assessment level followed by a	nain comments (use s	shading' funct	tion to give cells corresponding colour)	
	d Clarity of Reporting	Yes No			nent Level:	Good	
To ensure the rebo	ort is comprehensive and user-friendly	Partial					
applicable)?			sections of uninterrupted text, both of which make the report more challenging to read. The report would have benefitted from final editing as there are a number of spelling and grammatical errors.				
<ol> <li>Is the report of a reasonable length? (maximum pages for the main report, excluding annexes: 60 for institutional evaluations; 70 for CPEs; 80 for thematic evaluations)</li> </ol>		No	The report is 74 pages, excluding the Executive Summary and Annexes. If a regular font size were used it would be considerably longer.				
3. Do the annexes contain – at a minimum – the ToRs; a bibliography; a list of interviewees; the evaluation matrix; methodological and data collection tools used (e.g. interview guides; focus group notes, outline of surveys)?		Yes	The annexes include of all of the required elements plus a stakeholder map and the Atlas project listing - for a total of 7 annexes.				
Executive summar	y ve summary written as a stand-alone section, presenting the i)	1	The summary serves as a stand-al	one section. It include	s all of the re	quired elements. There is a minor editing issue	
Purpose; ii) Objectives, scope and brief description of interventions; iii) intended audience; iv) Methodology; v) Main results; Vi) Conclusions and Recommendations?		Yes	'	where the evaluation is referred to as the CP rather than the CPE in the description of Purpose.			
5. Is the executiv	e summary reasonably concise (e.g. with a maximum length of 5 pages)?	Yes	At 4.5 pages, it is within the limits.	i.			
2. Design and N	1ethodology	Yes No Partial		Assessm	nent Level:	Very good	
To ensure that the	evaluation is put within its context						
1. Is the develop explained?	nent and institutional context of the evaluation clearly described and constraints	Yes	There is a solid chapter on the co	ountry context and UN	VFPA's respor	nse.	
2. Does the eva of change?	aluation report discuss and assess the intervention logic and/or theory	Yes		oC. Changes were mad	de to the dep	roach was used to guide the evaluation, and how iction of causal linkages, and modes of	
	us design and methodology		1				
matrix? Does t	tion framework clearly described in the text and in the evaluation he evaluation matrix establish the evaluation questions, assumptions, a sources and methods for data collection?	Yes	The evaluation framework and its matrix incorporates all of the requ		luation proce	ass is described in the main report. The attached	
4. Are the tools f	or data collection described and their choice justified?	Yes	Data tools and the reasons for the	eir selection are descr	ibed.		

5. Is there a comprehensive stakeholder map? Is the stakeholder consultation process clearly described (in particular, does it include the consultation of key stakeholders on draft recommendations)?	Partial	A mapping process was included. Stakeholder consultation is covered the methodology section and it involved the participation of the ERG in several stages of the evaluation process including 'consultation' on recommendations. What is less clear is the engagement of rightsholders in the evaluation process. In the Executive Summary it is noted that direct and indirect beneficiaries were consulted, and in the methodology section on Evaluation Approach it is noted that "particular attention was paid to ensuring participation of women, adolescent girls and young people, especially from vulnerable and marginalized communities". However, the total number of participants by stakeholder group is not provided in the main text and in the annexed list of participants there are approximately 40 beneficiaries listed but other than a few noted as being members of the Youth Parliament, the remainder are healthcare workers. Therefore, it is not clear vulnerable groups were actually represented and the list is not gender-disaggregated to verify the extent that the stated gender representation was achieved.
6. Are the methods for analysis clearly described for all types of data?	Partial	There is a general explanation given for how the different types of data were analyzed. For example, contribution and thematic content analysis was used for interview data, contribution analysis based on the ToC was to be used for documentary evidence, and descriptive statistics for quantitative data. However, more details of each would have been useful and there is no evidence of presentation of the latter in the findings.
7. Are methodological limitations acknowledged and their effect on the evaluation described? Does the report discuss what was done to minimize such issues?	Yes	Five limitations, including those related to Covid, and their mitigation strategies are described.
8. Is the sampling strategy described?	Partial	The sampling strategy (purposive) is well described for the FGDs and KIIs. The universe is clear, as is the number of individual and group interviews and FGDs. However, the number of people in each stakeholder group is not given in the main text (although can be calculated from the annexed list of participants. It is noted that site visits were determined in consultation with "the team on the ground" and that site visits were restricted to Kabul but although two examples of selected interventions for visits are provided (youth activities or safe GBV houses), no further description of the sites is given.
9. Does the methodology enable the collection and analysis of disaggregated data?	No	A listed limitation is the availability of adequately disaggregated programme data. However, it is not clear what steps were taken to ensure that evaluation data was collected in this way. The evaluation matrix does not include indicators calling for disaggregated data, and the tools do not require this. Just two instances disaggregated data were seen (one on p 34) and these were from annual reporting.
10. Is the design and methodology appropriate for assessing the cross-cutting issues (equity and vulnerability, disability inclusion, gender equality and human rights)?	Yes	The design is generally appropriate for such an assessment. In addition to a specific question on the extent that a gender-responsive and HRBA was used in programming, there is an indicator on the extent to which targeted vulnerable populations, including people with disabilities, were consulted in the CP design and activities. The design also takes into account the humanitarian setting by including the criteria of coverage and connectedness.
3. Reliability of Data	Yes No Partial	Assessment Level: Good
To ensure quality of data and robust data collection processes		
I. Did the evaluation triangulate data collected as appropriate?	Yes	This is done. Multiple sources are cited; these are frequently each identified in brackets right after the respective finding.
2. Did the evaluation clearly identify and make use of reliable qualitative and quantitative data sources?	Partial	Qualitative data are attributed to specific stakeholder groups but there is minimal citing of specific document sources, and instead the source is in most cases just noted generally as 'document review'. Being more clear about the document source would be useful give that one of the methodological limitations identified is in regards to the quality and amount of relevant documents and reports, and the potential for bias within secondary data produced by the CO.

3. Is there evidence that data has been collected with a sensitivity to issues of discrimination and other ethical considerations?		Adherence to UNEG ethical guidance is stated. However the evaluators also explain specific considerations including use of local consultants to address language barriers, having a female collect data from female participants, social distancing, ensuring informed consent, etc.			
4. Analysis and Findings	Yes No Partial	Assessment Level:	Very good		
To ensure sound analysis and credible findings					
I. Are the findings substantiated by evidence?	Yes	The finding are very descriptive and are backed up by ample evider	nce.		
2. Is the basis for interpretations carefully described?	Yes	This is done. For example, the relevance of the CP to country con with cultural practices (i.e., referring to family planning as birth spa			
<ol> <li>Is the analysis presented against the evaluation questions?</li> </ol>	Yes	The evaluation questions and a summary of findings appear before	the relevant analysis for each.		
4. Are the cause and effect links between an intervention and its end results explained and any unintended outcomes highlighted?	Yes	The evaluators describe in detail the intervention activities that su was that a manual developed for the police on VAWG has been us the Police Training Academy). There is also a subsection on Uninte programme areas.	ed more widely than initially intended (now used in		
5. Does the analysis show different outcomes for different target groups, as relevant?	No	The analysis describes programming directed towards different gro	oups but does not report on results.		
6. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors?	Yes	Contextual factors are frequently identified such as the challenges the implications of the significant cuts in US funding. The text also overcome challenges (such as hiring male relatives to work alongsi	describes how UNFPA has adapted its activities to		
7. Does the analysis elaborate on cross-cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, disability inclusion, gender equality and human rights?	Yes	Section 4.3.5 looks specifically at the integration of gender and HR programme's reach to vulnerable groups and a reasonably indepth an indicator in the socio-demographic and economic survey (SDES the Youth Parliament programme.)	look at how disability inclusion was addressed (i.e.,		
5. Conclusions	Yes No Partial	Assessment Level:	Very good		
To assess the validity of conclusions	•				
1. Do the conclusions flow clearly from the findings?	Yes	The linkage is evident and is confirmed by a notation of the relevan conclusion.	at evaluation question numbers informing each		
2. Do the conclusions go beyond the findings and provide a thorough understanding of the underlying issues of the programme/initiative/system being evaluated and reflect as appropriate cross-cutting issues such as equality and vulnerability, disability inclusion, gender equality and human rights?	Yes	The conclusions do provide a higher-level view of the programme, challenges/shortcomings. Cross-cutting issues are addressed.	particularly of the areas where there were		
3. Do the conclusions appear to convey the evaluators' unbiased judgement?	Yes	There is no indication of bias.			
6. Recommendations	Yes No Partial	Assessment Level:	Very good		
To ensure the usefulness and clarity of recommendations	L' ur ciai				
I. Do recommendations flow logically from conclusions?	Yes	The flow is logical and the relevant conclusion numbers are given f	or each recommendation.		
2. Are the recommendations targeted at the intended users and action-oriented (with information on their human, financial and technical implications)?	Yes	These are clearly targeted to UNFPA for consideration in the deve are clearly specified for each.	lopment of the next CP. Operational Implications		
3. Do recommendations appear balanced and impartial and address, as relevant, key cross cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, disability-inclusion, gender equality and human rights?	Yes	These appear balanced, impartial and address the cross-cutting issu	ues including people with disabilities.		
4. Are the recommendations prioritized?		Priority levels are assigned to each with most being High priority.			

ender ssess the integration of Gender Equality and Empowerment of Women (GEEW) (*) GEEW integrated in the evaluation scope of analysis and indicators designed in a way that res GEEW-related data to be collected?	0 1 2 3 (**)	considerations or v		Assessment Level:	Very good
GEEW integrated in the evaluation scope of analysis and indicators designed in a way that		considerations or v			
		considerations or v			
	2	a. Does the evaluation include an objective specific to assessment of human rights and gender equality considerations or was it mainstreamed in other objectives? (Score: 0-3) The intent to ensure the evaluation assesses HRGE is not mentioned in the scope or objectives? = 0 b. Was a standalone criterion on gender and/or human rights included in the evaluation framework or mainstreamed into other evaluation criteria? (Score: 0-3) Gender mainstreaming is noted as being a cross- cuting theme = 3 c. Is there a dedicated evaluation question or sub-question regarding how GEEW was integrated into the subject of the evaluation? (Score: 0-3) There is a specific question on this - EQ4 on Effectiveness. = 3 d. Does the evaluation assess whether sufficient information was collected during the implementation period on specific result indicators to measure progress on human rights and gender equality results ?(Score: 0-3) Although this topic is not featured in the evaluation matrix, the evaluators do make this assessment. = 2			
a gender-responsive methodology used, including gender-responsive methods and tools, an analysis techniques?	inder-responsive methods and tools, and       a. Does the evaluation specify how gender issues are addressed in the collection and analysis methods integrate gender considerations and disaggregated by sex? (Score: 0-3) The relevant guidance is noted as be made to ensure adequate representation of women and men. However, very collected, including of the breakdown of evaluation participants. = 1         b. Does the evaluation methodology employ a mixed-methods appr GEEW considerations ample size)? (Score: 0-3) Mixed methods were used, alth Specific sample size) is not provided in the main text = 2         c. Are a diverse range of data sources and processes employed (i.e., guarantee inclusion, accuracy and credibility? (Score: 0-3) Data was triangulation was evident. = 3         d. Do the evaluation methodology frame address the diver intervention, particularly the most vulnerable, where appropriate? groups were consulted. The sampling frame also supposedly included the most confirmed = 1         e. Were ethical standards considered throughout the evaluation and treated with integrity and respect for confidentiality? (Score: 0-3), including confidentiality - however, the names of participants were listed in the source of the s			ons and ensure data collected is d as being used and it is stated that efforts we ir, very little gender disaggregated data is s approach, appropriate to evaluating tive and qualitative data, and ensuring tl ed, although most primary data was qualitative d (i.e. triangulation, validation) to ta was collected from a range of sources and e diversity of stakeholders affected by the riate? (Score: 0-3) Different stakeholder the most vulnerable but this could not be ion and were all stakeholder groups 0-3). Ethical considerations were noted,	
o the evaluation findings, conclusions and recommendations reflect a gender analysis?	3	<ul> <li>a. Does the evaluation have a background section that includes an intersectional analysis of social groups affected by the issue or spell out the relevant normative instruments or polici human rights and gender equality? (Score: 0-3) This is well done. = 3</li> <li>b. Do the findings include data analysis that explicitly and transparently triangulates the voi different social role groups, and/or disaggregates quantitative data, where applicable? (Scoc evaluation falls short here - although in a few cases beneficiaries are noted as being one of the data source perspectives are not highlighted. Quotes would be useful. = 1</li> <li>c. Are unanticipated effects of the intervention on human rights and gender equality descril (Score: 0-3) This is done. = 3</li> <li>d. Does the evaluation report provide specific recommendations addressing GEEW issues, a priorities for action to improve GEEW or the intervention or future initiatives in this area? This is done. = 3</li> </ul>			rmative instruments or policies related ine. = 3 isparently triangulates the voices of data, where applicable? (Score: 0-3) Th oted as being one of the data sources, their nts and gender equality described? ons addressing GEEW issues, and
his assessment criteria is fully based on the UN-SWAP Scoring Tool. Each sub-criteria shall Scoring uses a four point scale (0-3).		eighted. tion Quality Assess	ment		
				Assessment Levels (*	
lity assessment criteria (scoring points*)		Very good	Good	Fair	Unsatisfactory
ructure and clarity of reporting, including executive summary (7)			7	I I	
esign and methodology (13)	·	13			
eliability of data (11)			П		
nalysis and findings (40)		40			
onclusions (11)				$\downarrow$ $\downarrow$	
ecommendations (11) tegration of gender (7)		11		<u>}                                    </u>	
tegration of gender (/) cal scoring points		82	18	<b>}</b> ────┼─	
an seen ma points			10		